LIST OF U.S. CUSTOMS LABORATORY METHODS

USCL NUMBER	METHOD	TITLE
68-01	ASTM C 406	Specifications for Roofing Slate
68-02	AASHO T102-57	Method of Spot Test of Asphaltic Materials

U.S. CUSTOMS LABORATORY METHODS

USCL METHOD 68-01



ASTM C 406 Specifications for Roofing Slate

2 REFERENCES

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This method does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this method to establish appropriate safety and health pract ices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to its use.

ASTM C 406

Specifications for Roofing Slate

0 INTRODUCTION

This method provides guidelines for determining the physical characteristics necessary for roofing slate.

1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

- 1.1 This specification covers the material characteristics, physical requirements, and sampling appropriate to the selection of slate for use as roofing shingles.
- 1.2 Slates not included in this specification are those containing soft carbonaceous ribbons. The wide variation in physical properties and composition of such ribbon slates render their service life uncertain under some conditions of use.

U.S. CUSTOMS LABORATORY METHODS

USCL METHOD 68-02 Index

AASHO T102-57 Method of Spot Test of Asphaltic Materials

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This method does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this method to establish appropriate safety and health pract ices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to its use.

1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This method is applicable only to asphaltic products derived from petroleum and should not be applied to natural asphalts containing nonbituminous matter insoluble in xylene.

Materials which are positive may be further tested to determine their degree of positiveness by means of their "xylene equivalent." The xylene equivalent shalll be the lowest percentage by volume of xylene in a solvent composed of xylene and standard naphtha or xylene and normal heptane, as specified, which produces a "negative spot" for the material in question.

2 REFERENCES

AASHO T 102-57
Method of Spot Test of Asphaltic
Materials